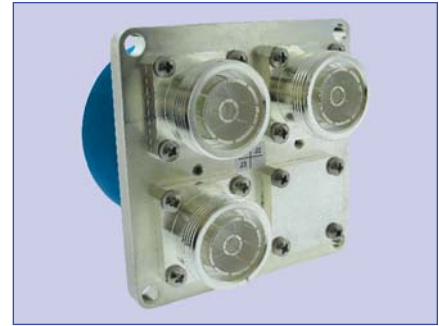




PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
CCP-33D	Commercial Failsafe SPDT, DC-3GHz, Low PIM
<p>These switches have extremely low passive intermodulation for use in narrow bandwidth communications applications. The CCP-33D is a broadband, SPDT, electromechanical, coaxial switch designed to switch a microwave signal from a common input to either of two outputs. The characteristic impedance is 50 Ohms.</p> <p>The CCP-33D series switch is offered with a failsafe actuator and a 7/16 DIN female connector.</p>	



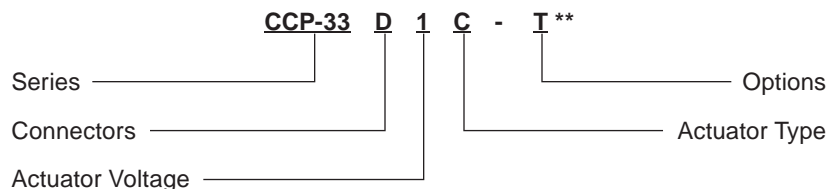
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Operating Temperature	-40°C to 65°C
Vibration (MIL-STD-202 Method 214, Condition D, non-operating)	10 g's RMS
Shock (MIL-STD-202 Method 213, Condition D, non-operating)	500 g's
Standard Actuator Life	1,000,000 cycles
Connector Type	7/16 DIN
Humidity (Moisture Seal)	Available
Weight	6 oz. (170.1g) (max.)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Form Factor	SPDT, break before make
Frequency Range	DC–3 GHz
Characteristic Impedance	50 Ohms
Switching Time	20 ms (max.)
Actuation Voltage Available	12 15 24 28 V
Actuation Current, max. @ ambient	400 450 180 200 mA

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS	
Frequency	DC–3 GHz
Insertion Loss, dB, max.	0.35
Isolation, dB, min.	70
VSWR, max.	1.30:1
RF Power (cw), W, max.	200

PASSIVE INTERMODULATION CHARACTERISTICS			
Tone 1 Frequency (MHz)	Tone 2 Frequency (MHz)	IM3 Frequency (MHz)	PIM Threshold (dBc)
1945	1990	1900	-140.0
P1 P2 (dBm)	PIM (dBc)	PEAK PIM (dBc)	
43	-166.8	-165.6	

PART NUMBERING SYSTEM



Connector
D: 7/16 Female

Actuator Voltage
1: 28 Vdc Failsafe
2: 15 Vdc Failsafe
3: 12 Vdc Failsafe
4: 24 Vdc Failsafe

Actuator Type
0: Standard Contacts
C: Indicator Contacts

Options
T: TTL Drivers with Diodes
D: Transient Suppression Diodes
M: Moisture Seal
S: 9 Pin D-Sub Connector

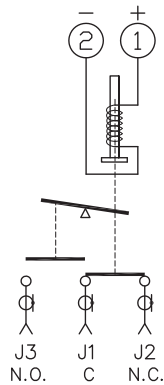
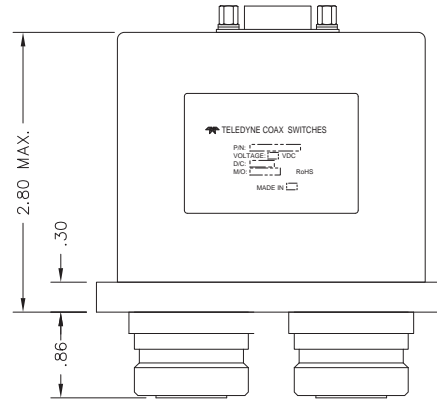
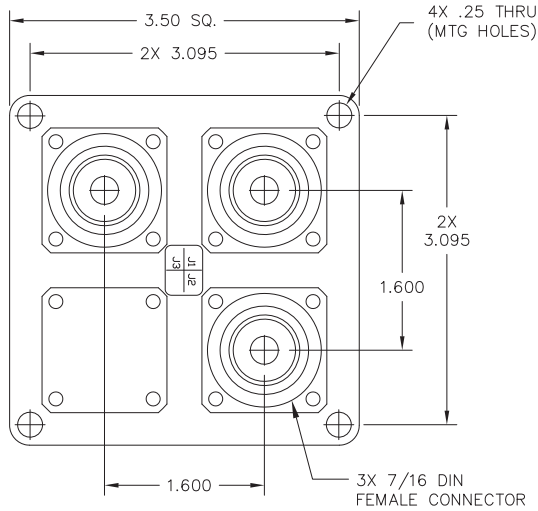
**SEE PARTS LIST ON PAGE 6

For additional options, contact factory.

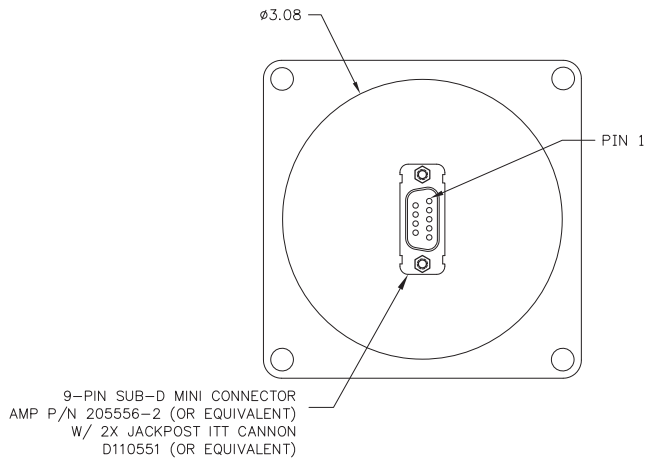
Series CCP-33D
 Low PIM DC-3 GHz
 Failsafe SPDT Coaxial Switch



SCHEMATICS AND MECHANICAL OUTLINE



SCHEMATIC

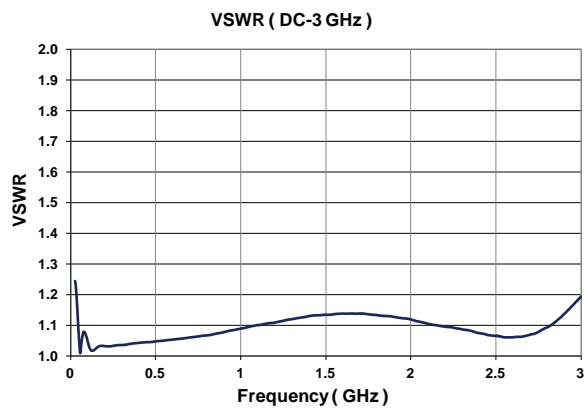
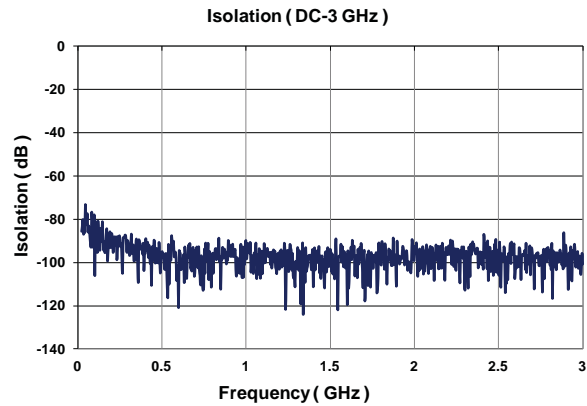
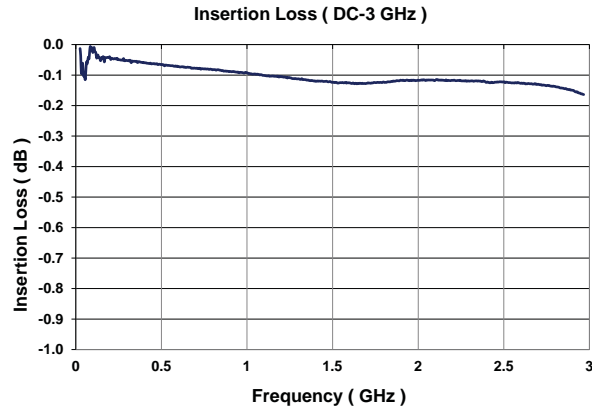


9-PIN SUB-D MINI CONNECTOR
 AMP P/N 205556-2 (OR EQUIVALENT)
 W/ 2X JACKPOST ITT CANNON
 D110551 (OR EQUIVALENT)

9 PIN D-SUB PINOUT FOR FAILSAFE SPDT				
Pin No.	OPTIONS			
	Basic	Indicators	TTL	Indicators & TTL
1	+	+		
2	-	-		
3			Common	Common
4			1	1
5				
6			Vsw	Vsw
7		A		A
8		B		B
9		C		C

TRUTH TABLE (with TTL option)				
Logic Input	RF Path		Indicator (if applicable)	
	IN to 1	IN to 2	A	B
0	On	Off	C	0
1	Off	On	0	C

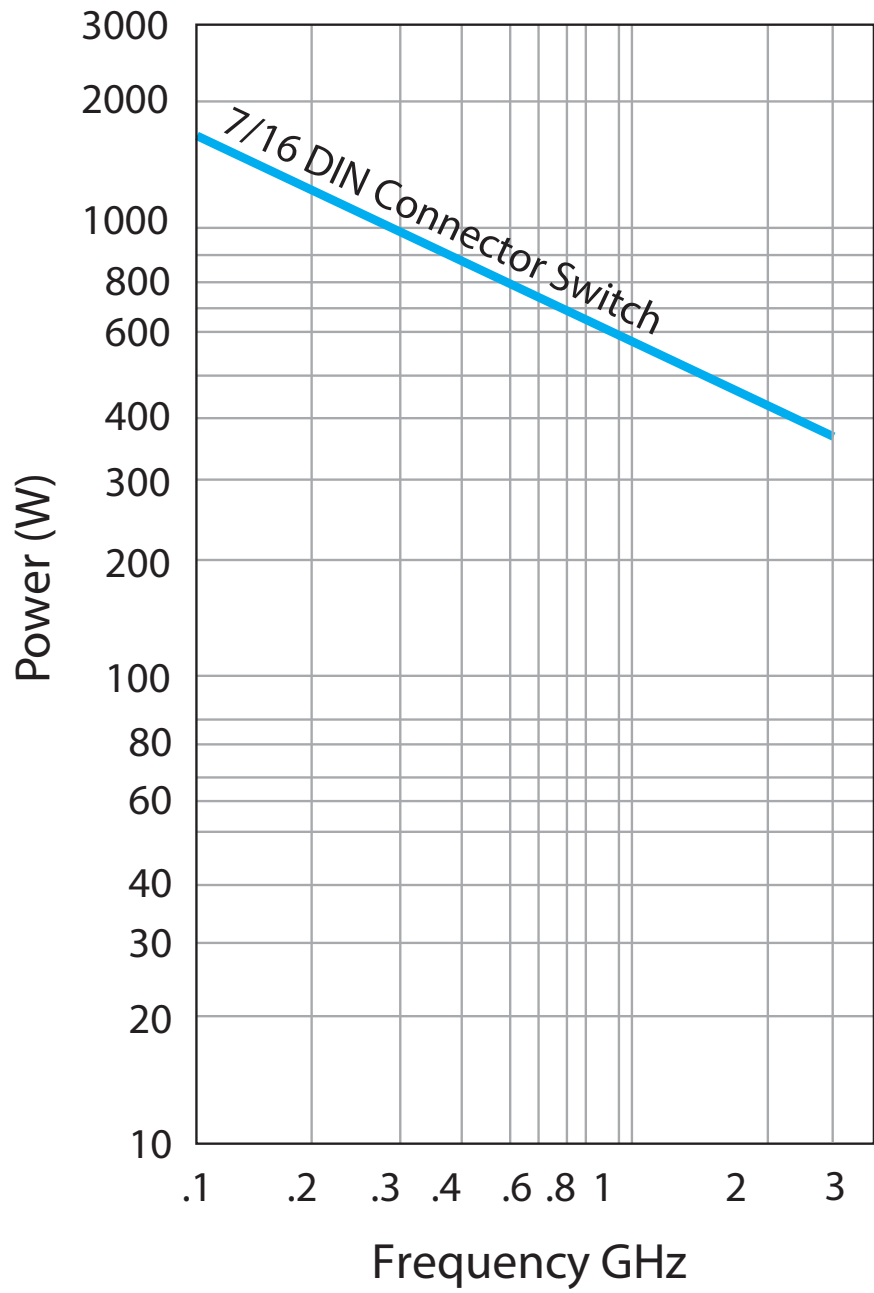
TYPICAL BROADBAND RF PERFORMANCE CURVES



RF NOTES

TYPICAL POWER PERFORMANCE CURVE

Power Handling vs. Frequency



Estimates based on the following reference conditions:

- Ambient temperature of 40°C or less
- Sea level operation
- Load VSWR of 1.20:1 maximum
- No high-power (hot) switching

Please contact Teledyne Coax Switches for derating factors when applications do not meet the foregoing reference conditions.

GLOSSARY

Actuator

An actuator is the electromechanical mechanism that transfers the RF contacts from one position to another upon DC command.

Arc Suppression Diode

A diode is connected in parallel with the coil. This diode limits the “reverse EMF spike” generated when the coil de-energizes to 0.7 volts. The diode cathode is connected to the positive side of the coil and the anode is connected to the negative side.

Date Code

All switches are marked with either a unique serial number or a date code. Date codes are in accordance with MIL-STD-1285 Paragraph 5.2.5 and consist of four digits. The first two digits define the year and the last two digits define the week of the year (YYWW). Thus, 1032 identifies switches that passed through final inspection during the 32nd week of 2010.

Failsafe

A failsafe switch reverts to the default or failsafe position when actuating voltage is removed. This is realized by a return spring within the drive mechanism. This type of switch requires the continuous application of operating voltage to select and hold any position. (Multi-position switches are normally open with no voltage applied).

Indicator

Indicators tell the system which position the switch is in. Other names for indicators are telemetry contacts or tellback circuit. Indicators are usually a set of internally mounted DC contacts linked to the actuator. They can be wired to digital input lines, status lights, or interlocks. Unless otherwise specified, the maximum indicator contact rating is 30 Vdc, 50 mA, or 1.5 Watts into a resistive load.

Isolation

Isolation is the measure of the power level at the output connector of an unconnected RF channel as referenced to the power at the input connector. It is specified in dB below the input power level.

SPDT Switch

A single-pole double-throw, bi-directional switch that can be used as having one input and two outputs or two inputs and one output.

Switching Time

Switching time is the total interval beginning with the arrival of the leading edge of the command pulse at the switch DC input and ending with the completion of the switch transfer, including contact bounce. It consists of three parts: (1) inductive delay in the coil, (2) transfer time of the physical movement of the contacts, and (3) the bounce time of the RF contacts.

TTL Switch Driver Option

As a special option, switch drivers can be provided for both failsafe and latching switches, which are compatible with industry-standard low-power Schottky TTL circuits.

Performance Parameters vs Frequency

Generally speaking, the RF performance of coaxial switches is frequency dependent. With increasing frequency, VSWR and insertion loss increase while isolation decreases. All data sheets specify these three parameters as “worst case” at the highest operating frequency. If the switch is to be used over a narrow frequency band, better performance can be achieved.

Actuator Current vs Temperature

The resistance of the actuator coil varies as a function of temperature. There is an inverse relationship between the operating temperature of the switch and the actuator drive current. For switches operating at 28 VDC, the approximate actuator drive current at temperature, T, can be calculated using the equation:

$$I_T = \frac{I_A}{[1 + .00385 (T-20)]}$$

Where:

I_T = Actuator current at temperature, T

I_A = Room temperature actuator current – see data sheet

T = Temperature of interest in °C

Magnetic Sensitivity

An electro-mechanical switch can be sensitive to ferrous materials and external magnetic fields. Neighboring ferrous materials should be permitted no closer than 0.5 inches and adjacent external magnetic fields should be limited to a flux density of less than 5 Gauss.

Series CCP-33D
Low PIM DC–3 GHz
Failsafe SPDT Coaxial Switch



FAILSAFE CCP-33D PART NUMBER LIST

	PART No.
1	CCP-33DXC
2	CCP-33DXC-D
3	CCP-33DXC-DM
4	CCP-33DXC-DMS
5	CCP-33DXC-DS
6	CCP-33DXC-M
7	CCP-33DXC-MS
8	CCP-33DXC-S
9	CCP-33DXC-T
10	CCP-33DXC-TM
11	CCP-33DXC-TMS
12	CCP-33DXC-TS
13	CCP-33DX0
14	CCP-33DX0-D
15	CCP-33DX0-DM
16	CCP-33DX0-DMS
17	CCP-33DX0-DS
18	CCP-33DX0-M
19	CCP-33DX0-MS
20	CCP-33DX0-S
21	CCP-33DX0-T
22	CCP-33DX0-TM
23	CCP-33DX0-TMS
24	CCP-33DX0-TS

* X = 1 (28Vdc), 2 (15Vdc), 3 (12Vdc) and 4 (24Vdc)