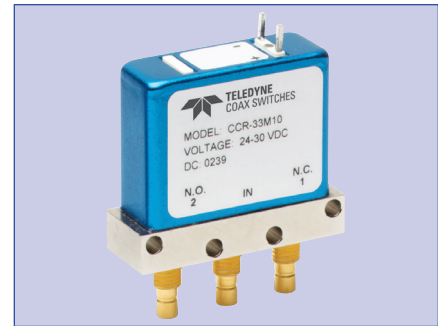


PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
CCR-33M	Commercial Failsafe SPDT, DC-3GHz
CR-33M	Elite Failsafe SPDT, DC-3GHz

The CCR-33M/CR-33M is a broadband, SPDT, electromechanical, coaxial switch designed to switch a microwave signal from a common input to either of two outputs. The characteristic impedance is 75 Ohms. The small switches incorporate mini-SMB connectors. The CCR-33M/CR-33M series switch is offered with a failsafe actuator. This design is compatible with the two most common mounting hole patterns. The CCR-33M/CR-33M series switch is interchangeable with a variety of switches.



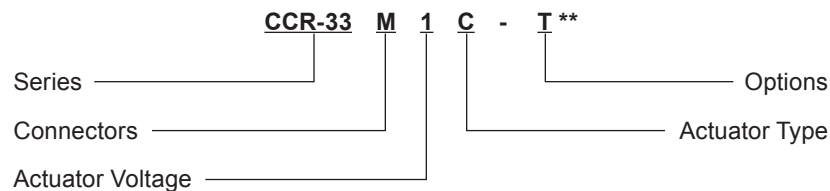
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Operating Temperature	
Commercial Model, CCR-33M	-40°C to 65°C
Elite Model, CR-33M***	-55°C to 85°C
Vibration (MIL-STD-202 Method 214, Condition D, non-operating)	10 g's RMS
Shock (MIL-STD-202 Method 213, Condition D, non-operating)	500 g's
Standard Actuator Life	5,000,000 cycles
Actuator Life w/ Additional Features	1,000,000 cycles
Connector Type	mini-SMB
Humidity (Moisture Seal)	Available
Weight	1.65 oz. (46.78g) (max.)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Form Factor	SPDT, break before make
Frequency Range	
CCR-33M	DC-3 GHz
CR-33M	DC-3 GHz
Characteristic Impedance	75 Ohms
Operate Time	10 ms (max.)
Release Time	10 ms (max.)
Actuation Voltage Available	12 15 24 28 V
Actuation Current, max. @ ambient	200 250 120 90 mA

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS			
Frequency	DC-1 GHz	1-2 GHz	2-3 GHz
Insertion Loss, dB, typical.	0.1	0.2	0.2
Isolation, dB, typical.	70	65	65
VSWR, typical.	1.1:1	1.3:1	1.3:1

For maximum limits, please see charts on page 3-5

PART NUMBERING SYSTEM



Connector
M: mini-SMB Female

Actuator Voltage
1: 28 Vdc Failsafe
2: 15 Vdc Failsafe
3: 12 Vdc Failsafe
4: 24 Vdc Failsafe

Actuator Type
0: Standard Contacts
C: Indicator Contacts***

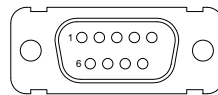
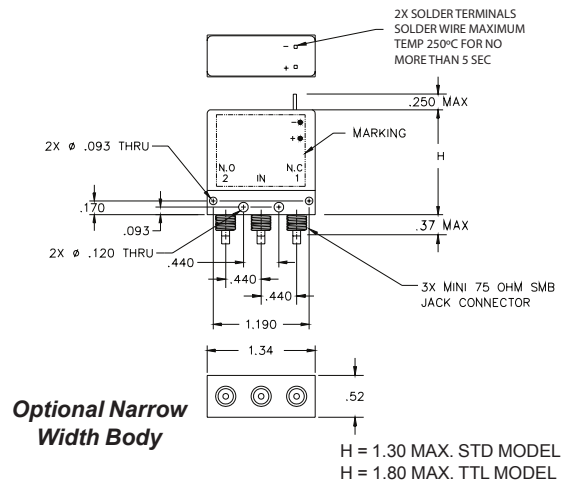
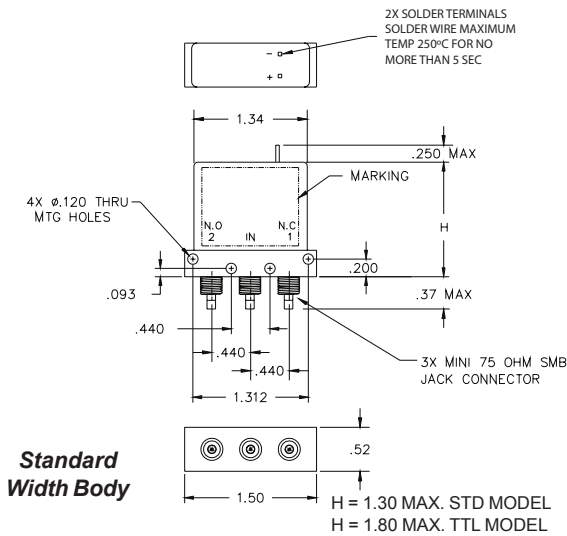
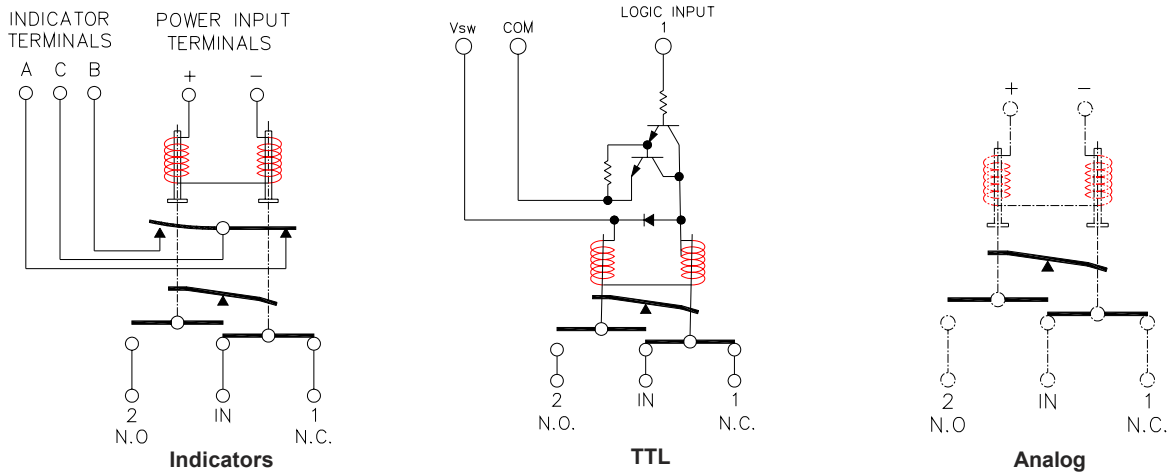
**SEE PARTS LIST ON PAGE 7

Options
T: TTL Drivers with Diodes
D: Transient Suppression Diodes
N: Narrow Body
M: Moisture Seal
S: 9 Pin D-Sub Connector

For other options, contact factory.

*** Indicator Contacts Operating Temperature
-50°C to 85°C (Elite Model Only)

SCHEMATICS AND MECHANICAL OUTLINE



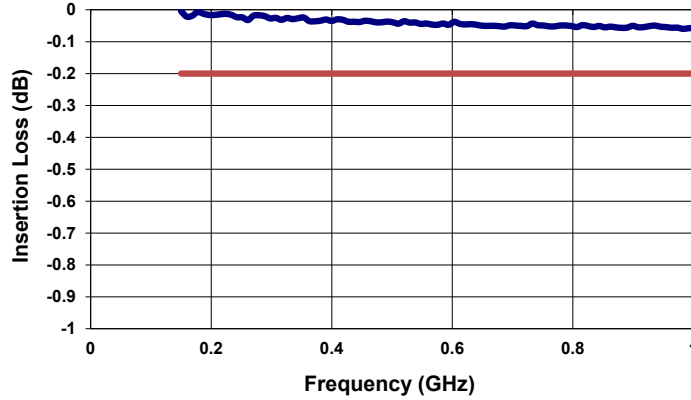
“-S OPTION” 9-PIN D-SUB CONNECTOR (EXAMPLE: CCR-33M10-S)

9 PIN D-SUB PINOUT FOR FAILSAFE SPDT				
Pin No.	OPTIONS			
	Basic	Indicators	TTL	Indicators & TTL
1	+	+		
2	-	-		
3			Common	Common
4			1	1
5				
6			Vsw	Vsw
7		A		A
8		B		B
9		C		C

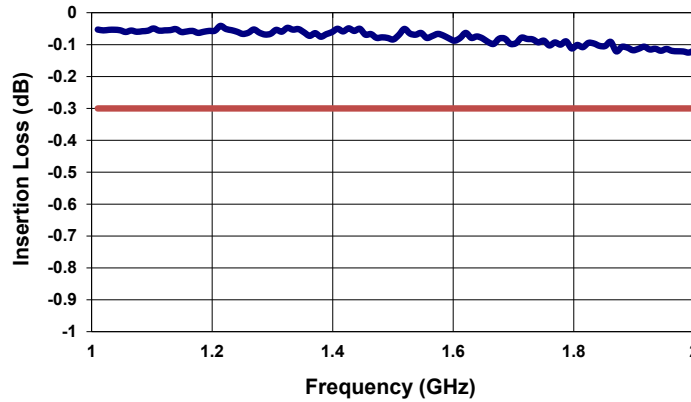
TRUTH TABLE (with TTL option)				
Logic Input	RF Path		Indicator (if applicable)	
	IN to 1	IN to 2	A	B
0	On	Off	C	0
1	Off	On	0	C

TYPICAL NARROWBAND RF INSERTION LOSS PERFORMANCE CURVES

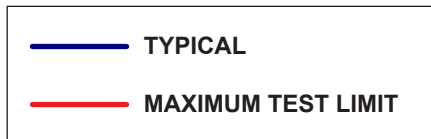
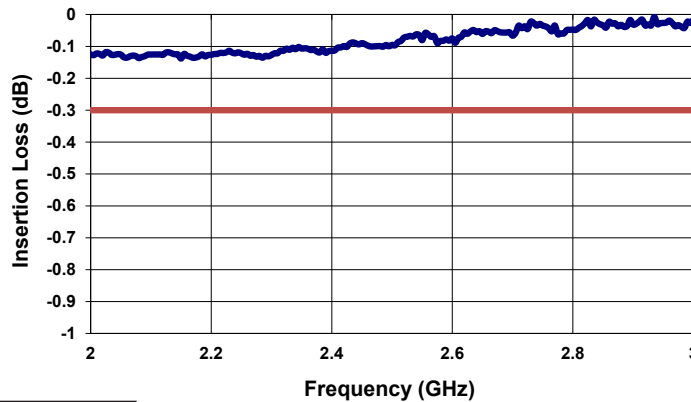
Insertion Loss (DC-1 GHz)



Insertion Loss (1-2 GHz)



Insertion Loss (2-3 GHz)

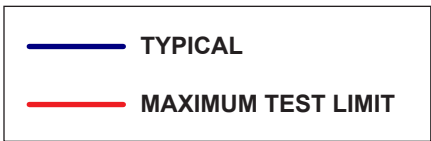
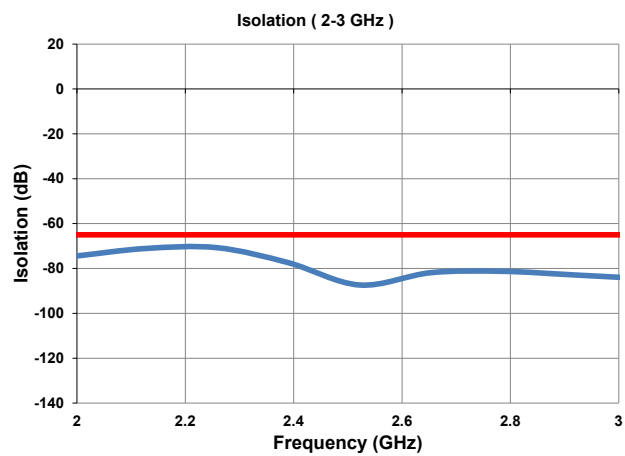
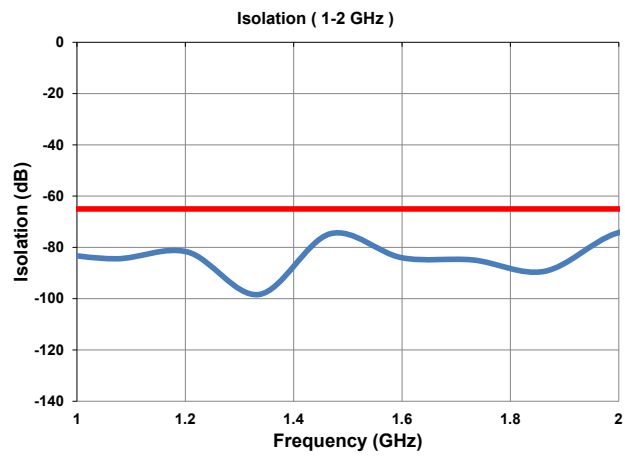
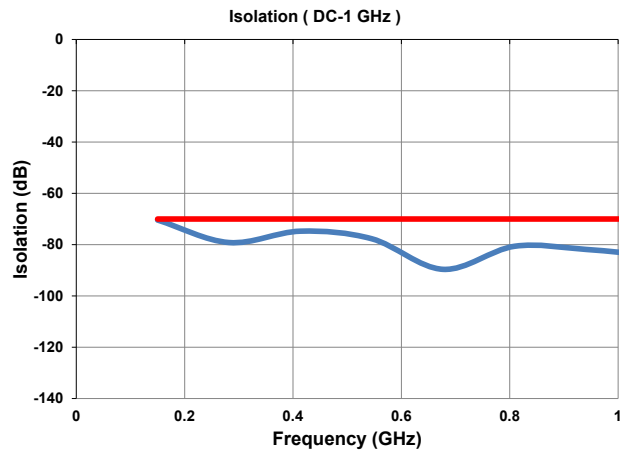


Series CCR-33M/CR-33M

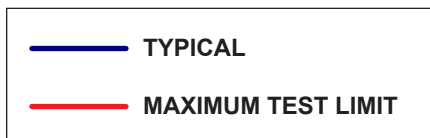
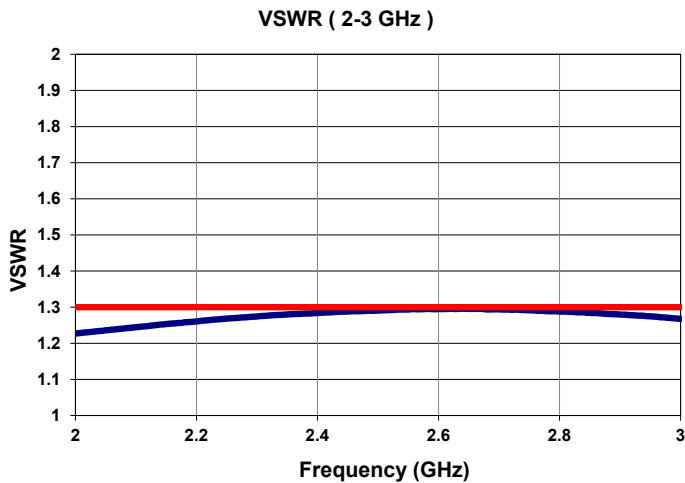
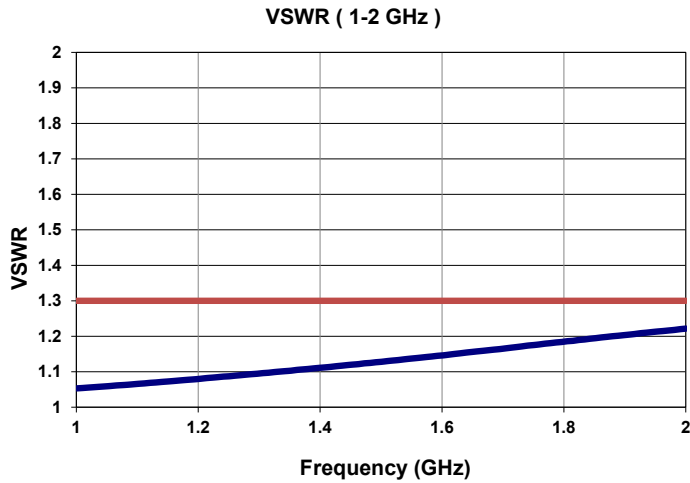
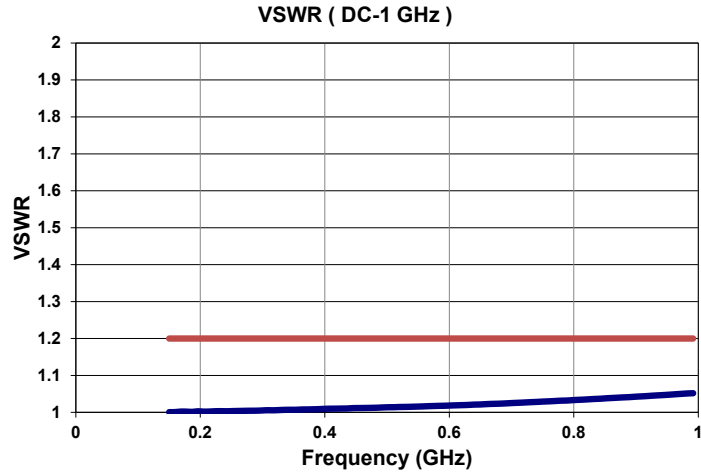
Miniature DC–3 GHz
Failsafe SPDT Coaxial Switch



TYPICAL NARROWBAND RF ISOLATION PERFORMANCE CURVES



TYPICAL NARROWBAND RF VSWR PERFORMANCE CURVES



GLOSSARY

Actuator

An actuator is the electromechanical mechanism that transfers the RF contacts from one position to another upon DC command.

Arc Suppression Diode

A diode is connected in parallel with the coil. This diode limits the “reverse EMF spike” generated when the coil de-energizes to 0.7 volts. The diode cathode is connected to the positive side of the coil and the anode is connected to the negative side.

Date Code

All switches are marked with either a unique serial number or a date code. Date codes are in accordance with MIL-STD-1285 Paragraph 5.2.5 and consist of four digits. The first two digits define the year and the last two digits define the week of the year (YYWW). Thus, 1032 identifies switches that passed through final inspection during the 32nd week of 2010.

Failsafe

A failsafe switch reverts to the default or failsafe position when actuating voltage is removed. This is realized by a return spring within the drive mechanism. This type of switch requires the continuous application of operating voltage to select and hold any position. (Multi-position switches are normally open with no voltage applied).

Indicator

Indicators tell the system which position the switch is in. Other names for indicators are telemetry contacts or tellback circuit. Indicators are usually a set of internally mounted DC contacts linked to the actuator. They can be wired to digital input lines, status lights, or interlocks. Unless otherwise specified, the maximum indicator contact rating is 30 Vdc, 50 mA, or 1.5 Watts into a resistive load.

Isolation

Isolation is the measure of the power level at the output connector of an unconnected RF channel as referenced to the power at the input connector. It is specified in dB below the input power level.

SPDT Switch

A single-pole double-throw, bi-directional switch that can be used as having one input and two outputs or two inputs and one output.

Switching Time

Switching time is the total interval beginning with the arrival of the leading edge of the command pulse at the switch DC input and ending with the completion of the switch transfer, including contact bounce. It consists of three parts: (1) inductive delay in the coil, (2) transfer time of the physical movement of the contacts, and (3) the bounce time of the RF contacts.

TTL Switch Driver Option

As a special option, switch drivers can be provided for both failsafe and latching switches, which are compatible with industry-standard low-power Schottky TTL circuits.

Performance Parameters vs Frequency

Generally speaking, the RF performance of coaxial switches is frequency dependent. With increasing frequency, VSWR and insertion loss increase while isolation decreases. All data sheets specify these three parameters as “worst case” at the highest operating frequency. If the switch is to be used over a narrow frequency band, better performance can be achieved.

Actuator Current vs Temperature

The resistance of the actuator coil varies as a function of temperature. There is an inverse relationship between the operating temperature of the switch and the actuator drive current. For switches operating at 28 VDC, the approximate actuator drive current at temperature, T, can be calculated using the equation:

$$I_T = \frac{I_A}{[1 + .00385 (T-20)]}$$

Where:

I_T = Actuator current at temperature, T

I_A = Room temperature actuator current – see data sheet

T = Temperature of interest in °C

Magnetic Sensitivity

An electro-mechanical switch can be sensitive to ferrous materials and external magnetic fields. Neighboring ferrous materials should be permitted no closer than 0.5 inches and adjacent external magnetic fields should be limited to a flux density of less than 5 Gauss.

SPECIAL FEATURE

Switching High-Power or Highly Sensitive Signals

Ensure the most linear response with the best galvanically matched contact system in the industry. Extremely low passive intermodulation is standard on all of our switches.

Carrier Frequency 1	Carrier Frequency 2	PIM 3rd Order Frequency	PIM 5th Order Frequency
870 MHz	893 MHz	847 MHz	824 MHz

	3rd Order Intermodulation	5th Order Intermodulation
SPDT	-91 dBm	-110 dBm
	-134 dBc	-153 dBc

FAILSAFE CCR-33M/CR-33M PART NUMBER LIST

	PART No.		PART No.		PART No.
1	CCR-33MXC	43	CCR-33MX0-TMS	85	CR-33MX0-NM
2	CCR-33MXC-D	44	CCR-33MX0-TN	86	CR-33MX0-NMS
3	CCR-33MXC-DM	45	CCR-33MX0-TNM	87	CR-33MX0-NS
4	CCR-33MXC-DMS	46	CCR-33MX0-TNMS	88	CR-33MX0-S
5	CCR-33MXC-DN	47	CCR-33MX0-TNS	89	CR-33MX0-T
6	CCR-33MXC-DNM	48	CCR-33MX0-TS	90	CR-33MX0-TM
7	CCR-33MXC-DNMS	49	CR-33MXC	91	CR-33MX0-TMS
8	CCR-33MXC-DNS	50	CR-33MXC-D	92	CR-33MX0-TN
9	CCR-33MXC-DS	51	CR-33MXC-DM	93	CR-33MX0-TNM
10	CCR-33MXC-M	52	CR-33MXC-DMS	94	CR-33MX0-TNMS
11	CCR-33MXC-MS	53	CR-33MXC-DN	95	CR-33MX0-TNS
12	CCR-33MXC-N	54	CR-33MXC-DNM	96	CR-33MX0-TS
13	CCR-33MXC-NM	55	CR-33MXC-DNMS		
14	CCR-33MXC-NMS	56	CR-33MXC-DNS		
15	CCR-33MXC-NS	57	CR-33MXC-DS		
16	CCR-33MXC-S	58	CR-33MXC-M		
17	CCR-33MXC-T	59	CR-33MXC-MS		
18	CCR-33MXC-TM	60	CR-33MXC-N		
19	CCR-33MXC-TMS	61	CR-33MXC-NM		
20	CCR-33MXC-TN	62	CR-33MXC-NMS		
21	CCR-33MXC-TNM	63	CR-33MXC-NS		
22	CCR-33MXC-TNMS	64	CR-33MXC-S		
23	CCR-33MXC-TNS	65	CR-33MXC-T		
24	CCR-33MXC-TS	66	CR-33MXC-TM		
25	CCR-33MX0	67	CR-33MXC-TMS		
26	CCR-33MX0-D	68	CR-33MXC-TN		
27	CCR-33MX0-DM	69	CR-33MXC-TNM		
28	CCR-33MX0-DMS	70	CR-33MXC-TNMS		
29	CCR-33MX0-DN	71	CR-33MXC-TNS		
30	CCR-33MX0-DNM	72	CR-33MXC-TS		
31	CCR-33MX0-DNMS	73	CR-33MX0		
32	CCR-33MX0-DNS	74	CR-33MX0-D		
33	CCR-33MX0-DS	75	CR-33MX0-DM		
34	CCR-33MX0-M	76	CR-33MX0-DMS		
35	CCR-33MX0-MS	77	CR-33MX0-DN		
36	CCR-33MX0-N	78	CR-33MX0-DNM		
37	CCR-33MX0-NM	79	CR-33MX0-DNMS		
38	CCR-33MX0-NMS	80	CR-33MX0-DNS		
39	CCR-33MX0-NS	81	CR-33MX0-DS		
40	CCR-33MX0-S	82	CR-33MX0-M		
41	CCR-33MX0-T	83	CR-33MX0-MS		
42	CCR-33MX0-TM	84	CR-33MX0-N		

* X = 1 (28Vdc), 2 (15Vdc), 3 (12Vdc) and 4 (24Vdc)