



PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
CCRS-33S	Commercial Latching 2P3T, DC-18GHz
CRS-33S	Elite Latching 2P3T, DC-18GHz

The CCRS-33S/CRS-33S is a broadband, 2P3T, electromechanical coaxial switch designed to switch a microwave signal from a common input to either of two outputs. The characteristic impedance is 50 Ohms. The switches are small with the minimum spacing that is compatible with SMA connectors, and can also be used as a SPDT switch with external terminations.



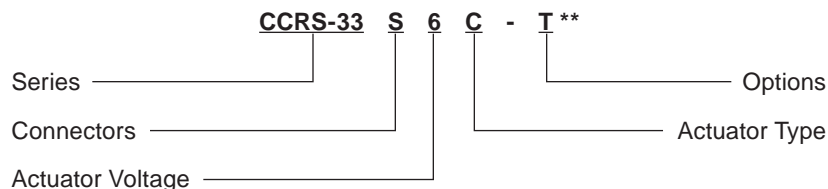
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Operating Temperature	
Commercial Model, CCRS-33S	-40°C to 65°C
Elite Model, CRS-33S	-55°C to 85°C
Vibration (MIL-STD-202 Method 214, Condition D, non-operating)	10 g's RMS
Shock (MIL-STD-202 Method 213, Condition D, non-operating)	500 g's
Standard Actuator Life	5,000,000 cycles
Actuator Life w/ Additional Features	1,000,000 cycles
Connector Type	SMA
Humidity (Moisture Seal)	Available
Weight	2.65 oz. (75.1g) (max.)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Form Factor	2P3T, break before make
Frequency Range	
CCRS-33S	DC-18 GHz
CRS-33S	DC-18 GHz
Characteristic Impedance	50 Ohms
Operate Time	10 ms (max.)
Actuation Voltage Available	12 15 24 28 V
Actuation Current, max. @ ambient	420 350 280 200 mA

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS			
Frequency	DC-6 GHz	6-12 GHz	12-18 GHz
Insertion Loss, dB, typical.	0.1	0.2	0.3
Isolation, dB, typical.	85	80	75
VSWR, typical.	1.1:1	1.2:1	1.3:1

For maximum limits, please see charts on page 3-5

**PART NUMBERING SYSTEM**



**Connector**  
S: SMA Female

**Actuator Voltage**  
6: 28 Vdc Latching  
7: 15 Vdc Latching  
8: 12 Vdc Latching  
9: 24 Vdc Latching

**Actuator Type**  
0: Standard Contacts  
C: Indicator Contacts\*\*\*  
D: Self Cutoff Only  
E: Indicators and Self Cutoff\*\*\*

**Options**  
T: TTL Drivers with Diodes  
D: Transient Suppression Diodes  
R: Positive + Common  
M: Moisture Seal  
S: 9 Pin D-Sub Connector

\*\*SEE PARTS LIST ON PAGE 8

\*\*\* Indicator Contacts Operating Temperature  
-50°C to 85°C (Elite Model Only)

For other options, contact factory.

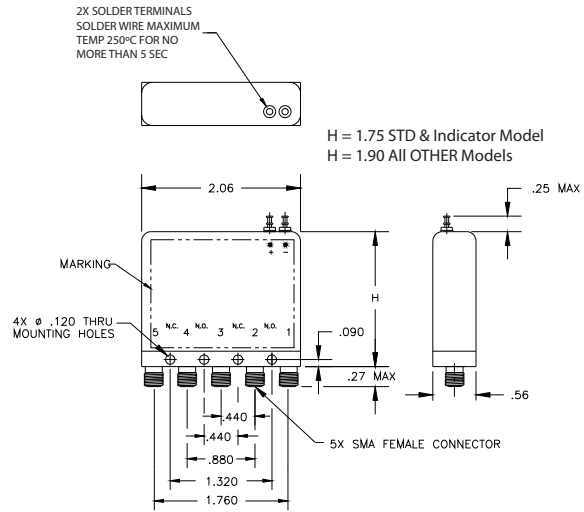
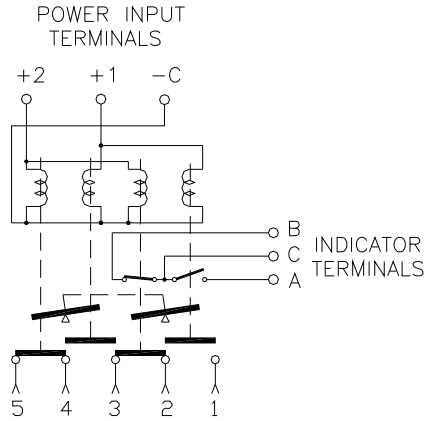
# Series CCRS-33S/CRS-33S

Miniature DC-18 GHz

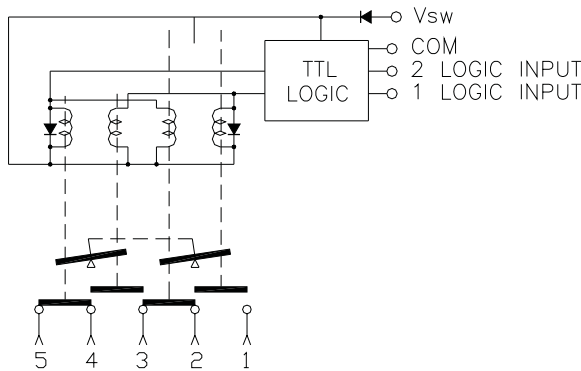
Latching 2P3T Coaxial Switch



## SCHEMATICS AND MECHANICAL OUTLINE

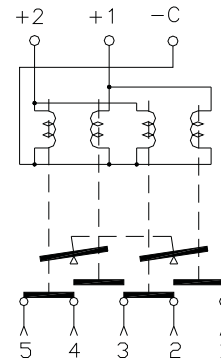


### Indicators

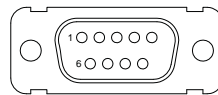


### TTL

### POWER INPUT TERMINALS



### Analog



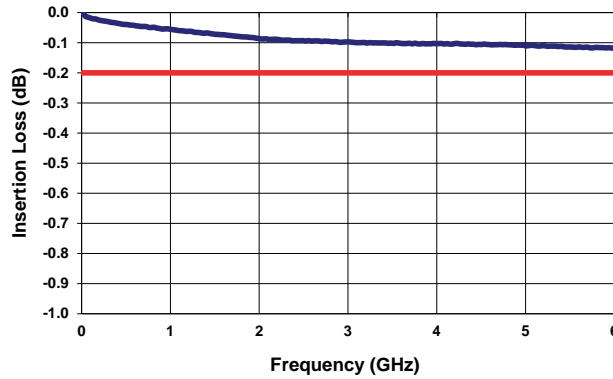
“-S OPTION” 9-PIN D-SUB CONNECTOR (EXAMPLE: CCRS-33S60-S)

9 PIN D-SUB PINOUT FOR LATCHING 2P3T				
OPTIONS				
Pin No.	Basic	Indicators	TTL	Indicators & TTL
1	1	1		
2	2	2		
3	C	C	Common	Common
4			1	1
5			2	2
6			Vsw	Vsw
7		A		A
8		B		B
9		C		C

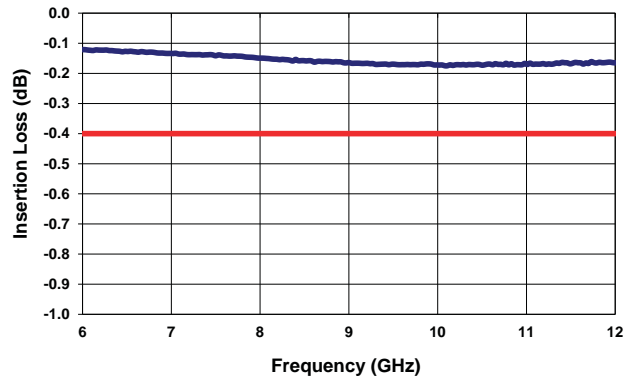
TRUTH TABLE (with TTL option)							
Logic Input		RF Path				Indicator (if applicable)	
1	2	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	A	B
0	0	No Change				N/A	
1	0	On	Off	On	Off	A & C	
0	1	Off	On	Off	On	B & C	
1	1	Forbidden				N/A	

**TYPICAL NARROWBAND RF INSERTION LOSS PERFORMANCE CURVES**

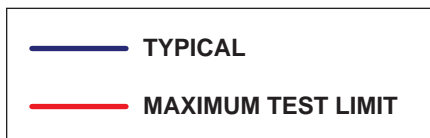
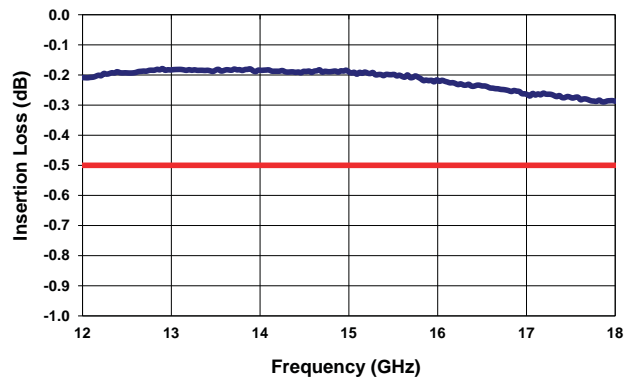
Insertion Loss ( DC-6 GHz )



Insertion Loss ( 6-12 GHz )



Insertion Loss ( 12-18 GHz )



# Series CCRS-33S/CRS-33S

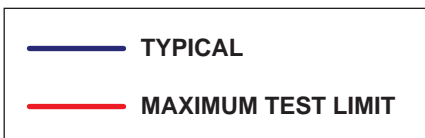
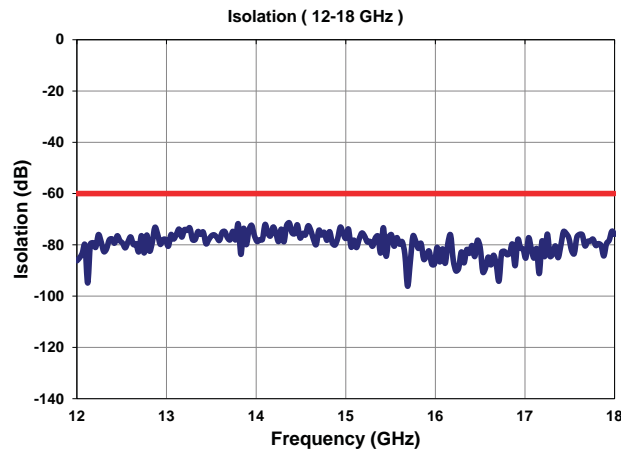
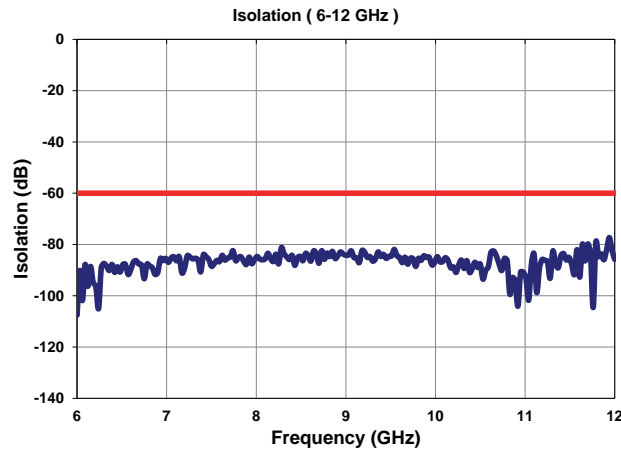
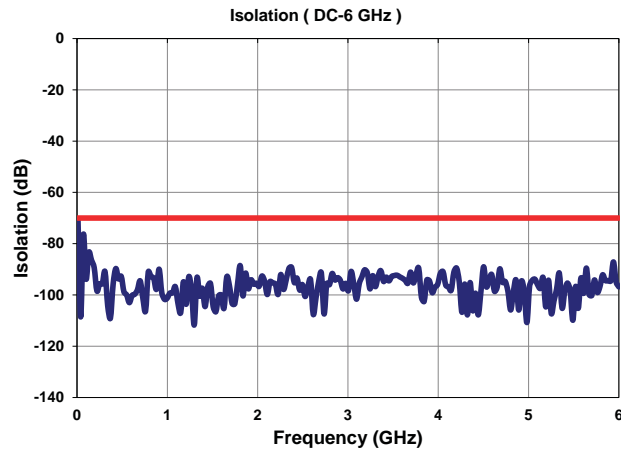
Miniature DC–18 GHz

Latching 2P3T Coaxial Switch

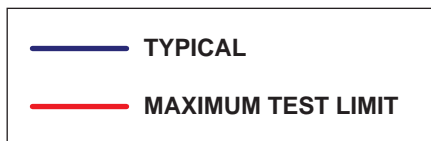
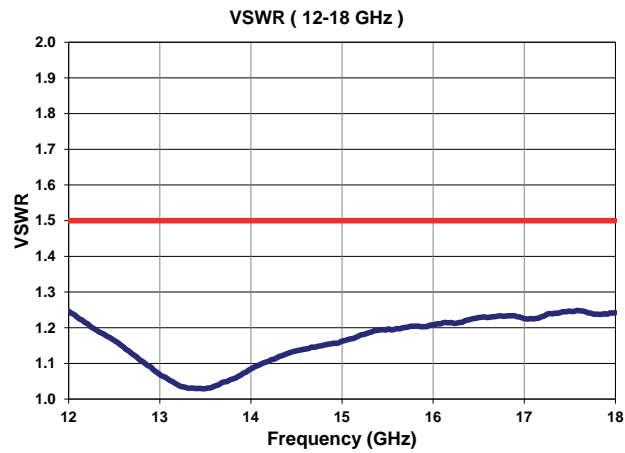
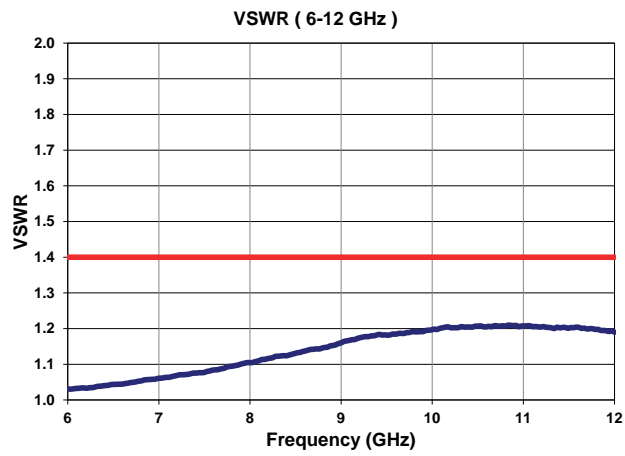
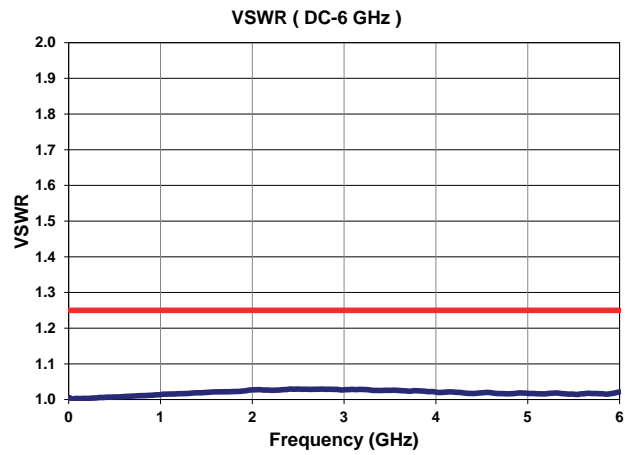


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## TYPICAL NARROWBAND RF ISOLATION PERFORMANCE CURVES



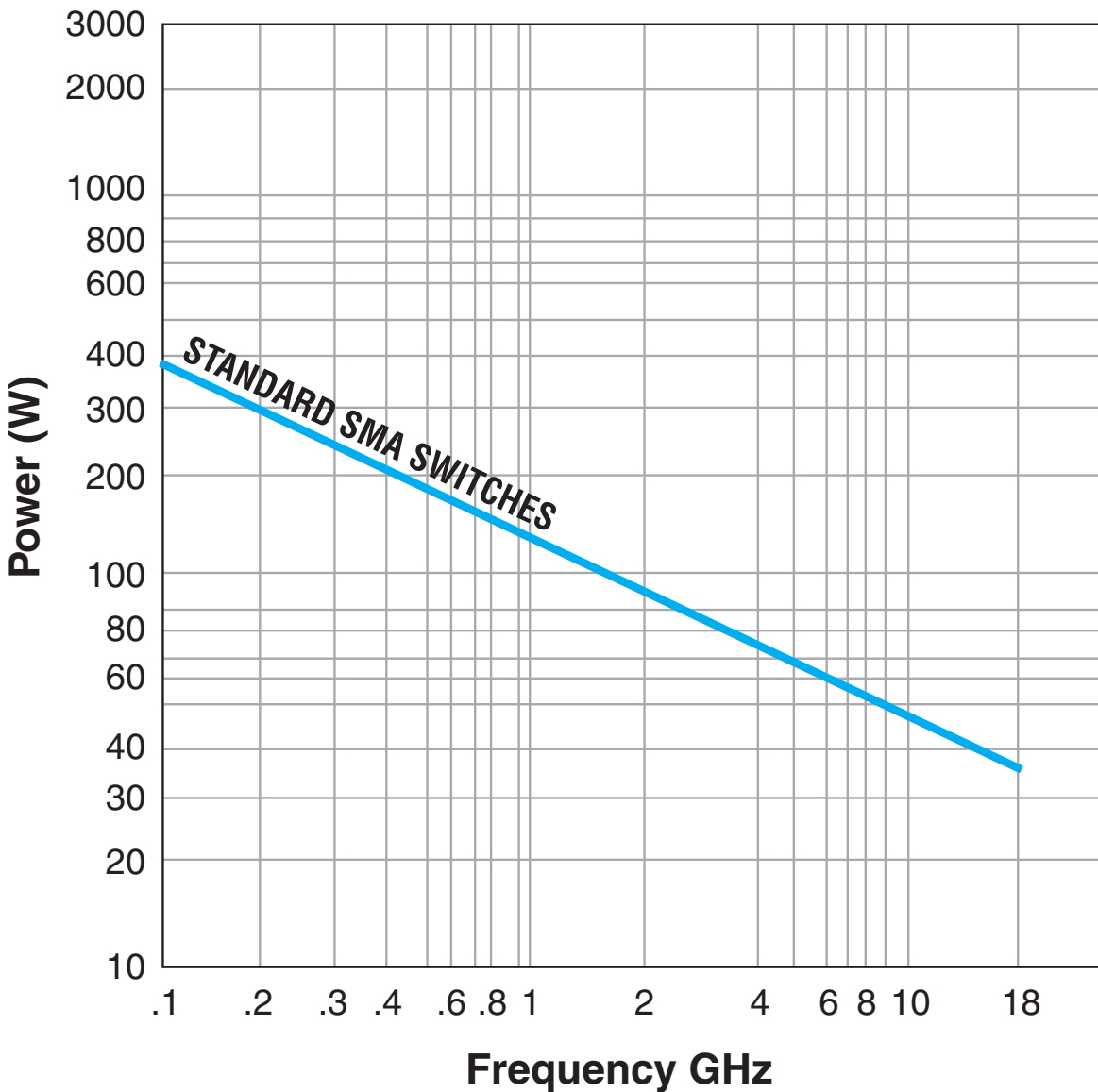
**TYPICAL NARROWBAND RF VSWR PERFORMANCE CURVES**





TYPICAL POWER PERFORMANCE CURVE

# Power Handling vs. Frequency



Estimates based on the following reference conditions:

- Ambient temperature of 40°C or less
- Sea level operation
- Load VSWR of 1.20:1 maximum
- No high-power (hot) switching

Please contact Teledyne Coax Switches for derating factors when applications do not meet the foregoing reference conditions.

## GLOSSARY

### Actuator

An actuator is the electromechanical mechanism that transfers the RF contacts from one position to another upon DC command.

### Arc Suppression Diode

A diode is connected in parallel with the coil. This diode limits the “reverse EMF spike” generated when the coil de-energizes to 0.7 volts. The diode cathode is connected to the positive side of the coil and the anode is connected to the negative side.

### Date Code

All switches are marked with either a unique serial number or a date code. Date codes are in accordance with MIL-STD-1285 Paragraph 5.2.5 and consist of four digits. The first two digits define the year and the last two digits define the week of the year (YYWW). Thus, 1032 identifies switches that passed through final inspection during the 32nd week of 2010.

### Indicator

Indicators tell the system which position the switch is in. Other names for indicators are telemetry contacts or tellback circuit. Indicators are usually a set of internally mounted DC contacts linked to the actuator. They can be wired to digital input lines, status lights, or interlocks. Unless otherwise specified, the maximum indicator contact rating is 30 Vdc, 50 mA, or 1.5 Watts into a resistive load.

### Isolation

Isolation is the measure of the power level at the output connector of an unconnected RF channel as referenced to the power at the input connector. It is specified in dB below the input power level.

### Latching

A latching switch remains in the selected position whether or not voltage is maintained. This can be accomplished with either a magnetic or mechanical latching mechanism.

### Self-Cutoff

The self-cutoff option disables the actuator current on completion of actuation. Either a series contact (linked to the actuator) or an IC driver circuit provides the current cutoff. This option results in minimum power consumption by the RF switch. Cutthroat is another name used in the industry for this option. Pulse latching is a term used to describe a switch without this feature.

### Switching Time

Switching time is the total interval beginning with the arrival of the leading edge of the command pulse at the switch DC input and ending with the completion of the switch transfer, including contact bounce. It consists of three parts: (1) inductive delay in the coil, (2) transfer time of the physical movement of the contacts, and (3) the bounce time of the RF contacts.

### TTL Switch Driver Option

As a special option, switch drivers can be provided for both failsafe and latching switches, which are compatible with industry-standard low-power Schottky TTL circuits.

### Performance Parameters vs Frequency

Generally speaking, the RF performance of coaxial switches is frequency dependent. With increasing frequency, VSWR and insertion loss increase while isolation decreases. All data sheets specify these three parameters as “worst case” at the highest operating frequency. If the switch is to be used over a narrow frequency band, better performance can be achieved.

### Actuator Current vs Temperature

The resistance of the actuator coil varies as a function of temperature. There is an inverse relationship between the operating temperature of the switch and the actuator drive current. For switches operating at 28 VDC, the approximate actuator drive current at temperature, T, can be calculated using the equation:

$$I_T = \frac{I_A}{[1 + .00385 (T-20)]}$$

Where:

$I_T$  = Actuator current at temperature, T

$I_A$  = Room temperature actuator current – see data sheet

T = Temperature of interest in °C

### Magnetic Sensitivity

An electro-mechanical switch can be sensitive to ferrous materials and external magnetic fields. Neighboring ferrous materials should be permitted no closer than 0.5 inches and adjacent external magnetic fields should be limited to a flux density of less than 5 Gauss.

# Series CCRS-33S/CRS-33S

Miniature DC-18 GHz

Latching 2P3T Coaxial Switch



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## LATCHING CCRS-33S/CRS-33S PART NUMBER LIST

	PART No.		PART No.		PART No.
1	CCRS-33SXC	43	CCRS-33SX0	85	CRS-33SXD-MS
2	CCRS-33SXC-D	44	CCRS-33SX0-D	86	CRS-33SXD-R
3	CCRS-33SXC-DM	45	CCRS-33SX0-DM	87	CRS-33SXD-RM
4	CCRS-33SXC-DMS	46	CCRS-33SX0-DMS	88	CRS-33SXD-RMS
5	CCRS-33SXC-DR	47	CCRS-33SX0-DR	89	CRS-33SXD-RS
6	CCRS-33SXC-DRM	48	CCRS-33SX0-DRM	90	CRS-33SXD-S
7	CCRS-33SXC-DRMS	49	CCRS-33SX0-DRMS	91	CRS-33SXD-T
8	CCRS-33SXC-DRS	50	CCRS-33SX0-DRS	92	CRS-33SXD-TM
9	CCRS-33SXC-DS	51	CCRS-33SX0-DS	93	CRS-33SXD-TMS
10	CCRS-33SXC-M	52	CCRS-33SX0-M	94	CRS-33SXE
11	CCRS-33SXC-MS	53	CCRS-33SX0-MS	95	CRS-33SXE-M
12	CCRS-33SXC-R	54	CCRS-33SX0-R	96	CRS-33SXE-MS
13	CCRS-33SXC-RM	55	CCRS-33SX0-RM	97	CRS-33SXE-R
14	CCRS-33SXC-RMS	56	CCRS-33SX0-RMS	98	CRS-33SXE-RM
15	CCRS-33SXC-RS	57	CCRS-33SX0-RS	99	CRS-33SXE-RMS
16	CCRS-33SXC-S	58	CCRS-33SX0-S	100	CRS-33SXE-RS
17	CCRS-33SXC-T	59	CCRS-33SX0-T	101	CRS-33SXE-S
18	CCRS-33SXC-TM	60	CCRS-33SX0-TM	102	CRS-33SXE-T
19	CCRS-33SXC-TMS	61	CCRS-33SX0-TMS	103	CRS-33SXE-TM
20	CCRS-33SXC-TS	62	CCRS-33SX0-TS	104	CRS-33SXE-TMS
21	CCRS-33SXD	63	CRS-33SXC	105	CRS-33SX0
22	CCRS-33SXD-M	64	CRS-33SXC-D	106	CRS-33SX0-D
23	CCRS-33SXD-MS	65	CRS-33SXC-DM	107	CRS-33SX0-DM
24	CCRS-33SXD-R	66	CRS-33SXC-DMS	108	CRS-33SX0-DMS
25	CCRS-33SXD-RM	67	CRS-33SXC-DR	109	CRS-33SX0-DR
26	CCRS-33SXD-RMS	68	CRS-33SXC-DRM	110	CRS-33SX0-DRM
27	CCRS-33SXD-RS	69	CRS-33SXC-DRMS	111	CRS-33SX0-DRMS
28	CCRS-33SXD-S	70	CRS-33SXC-DRS	112	CRS-33SX0-DRS
29	CCRS-33SXD-T	71	CRS-33SXC-DS	113	CRS-33SX0-DS
30	CCRS-33SXD-TM	72	CRS-33SXC-M	114	CRS-33SX0-M
31	CCRS-33SXD-TMS	73	CRS-33SXC-MS	115	CRS-33SX0-MS
32	CCRS-33SXE	74	CRS-33SXC-R	116	CRS-33SX0-R
33	CCRS-33SXE-M	75	CRS-33SXC-RM	117	CRS-33SX0-RM
34	CCRS-33SXE-MS	76	CRS-33SXC-RMS	118	CRS-33SX0-RMS
35	CCRS-33SXE-R	77	CRS-33SXC-RS	119	CRS-33SX0-RS
36	CCRS-33SXE-RM	78	CRS-33SXC-S	120	CRS-33SX0-S
37	CCRS-33SXE-RMS	79	CRS-33SXC-T	121	CRS-33SX0-T
38	CCRS-33SXE-RS	80	CRS-33SXC-TM	122	CRS-33SX0-TM
39	CCRS-33SXE-S	81	CRS-33SXC-TMS	123	CRS-33SX0-TMS
40	CCRS-33SXE-T	82	CRS-33SXC-TS	124	CRS-33SX0-TS
41	CCRS-33SXE-TM	83	CRS-33SXD		
42	CCRS-33SXE-TMS	84	CRS-33SXD-M		

\* X = 6 (28Vdc), 7 (15Vdc), 8 (12Vdc) and 9 (24Vdc)